



B decays to Charm and Charmonium in BaBar

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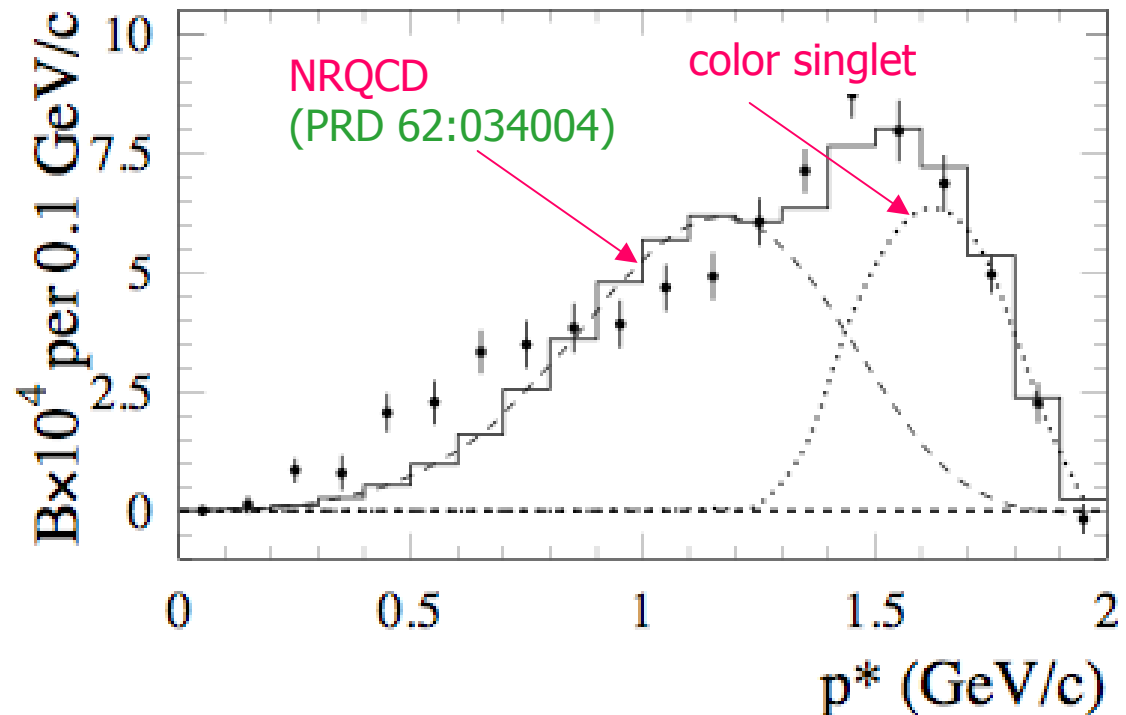
Outline

- ◆ B decays to J/ψ baryon-antibaryon
- ◆ $B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^\pm$
- ◆ $B \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K$
- ◆ $B^- \rightarrow D^{*0} K^{*-}$
- ◆ $B \rightarrow D^* D^*$

B decays to J/ψ baryon-antibaryon

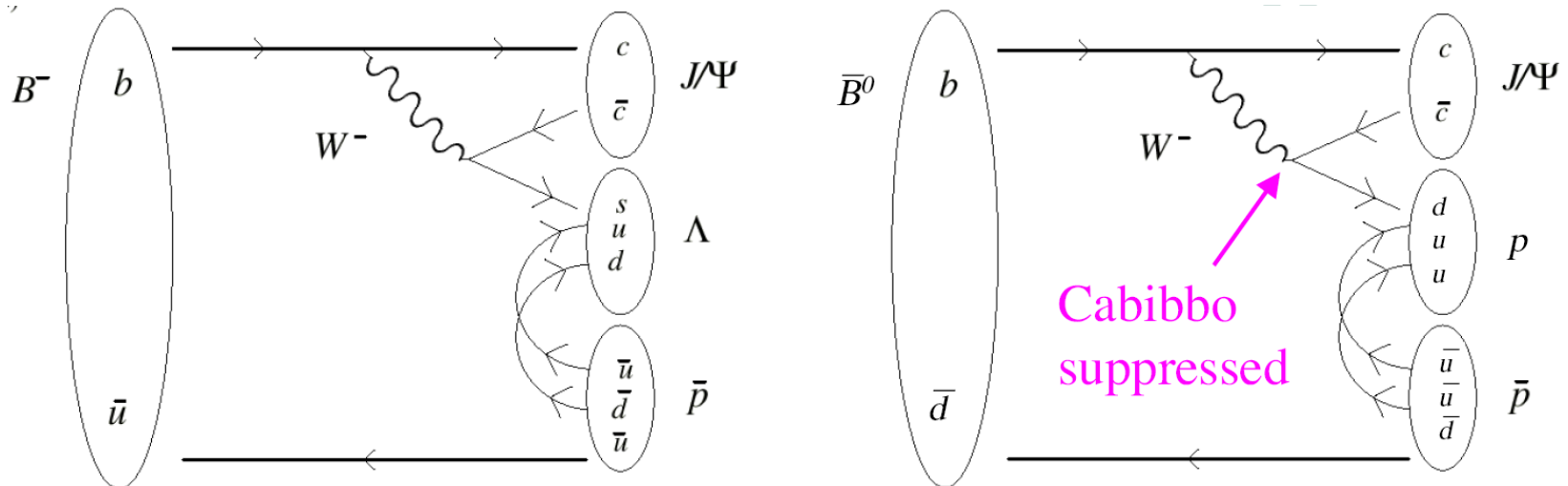
- inclusive production of J/ψ in B decays (PRD 67:032002)
- p of J/ψ in $Y(4S)$ frame exhibits excess at low p^* compared to NRQCD.

- Below 0.8 GeV/c
BF of $6 \cdot 10^{-4}$
- $\sigma(p^{(Y(4S))} - p^{(B)})$ is
0.12 GeV/c



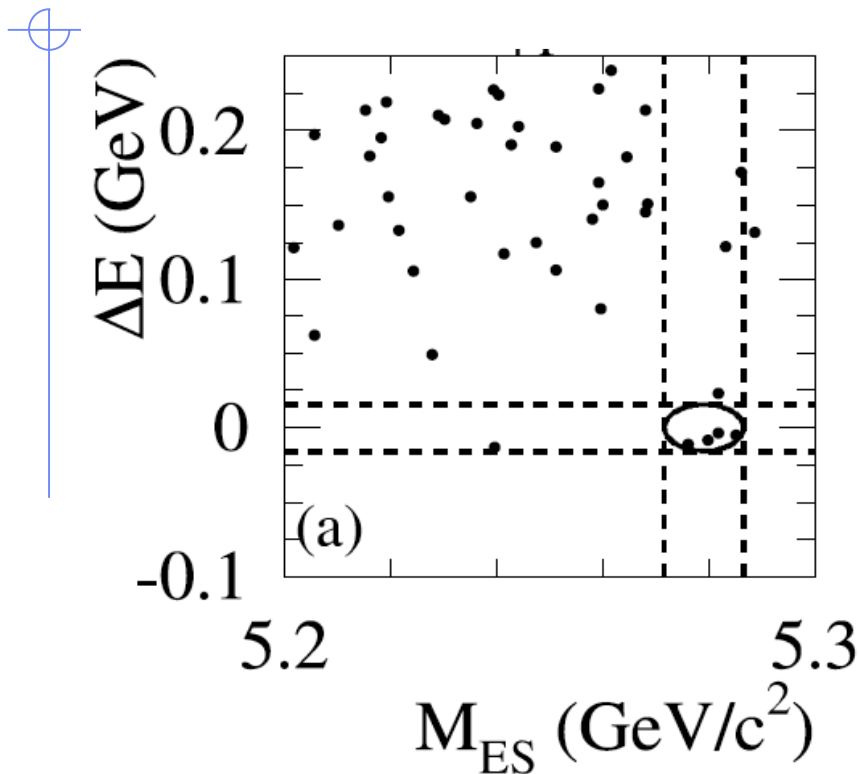
B decays to J/ψ baryon-antibaryon

- A possible source of the excess in the p^* spectrum could be $B \rightarrow J/\psi$ baryon-antibaryon (Phys Lett. B 411: 152, 1997)



- Possible enhancement by (QCD allowed):
 - Nuclear bound quarkonium (J/ψ p)
 - Baryonium (p Λ)
 - Pentaquark (J/ψ Λ)

B decays to J/ψ baryon-antibaryon

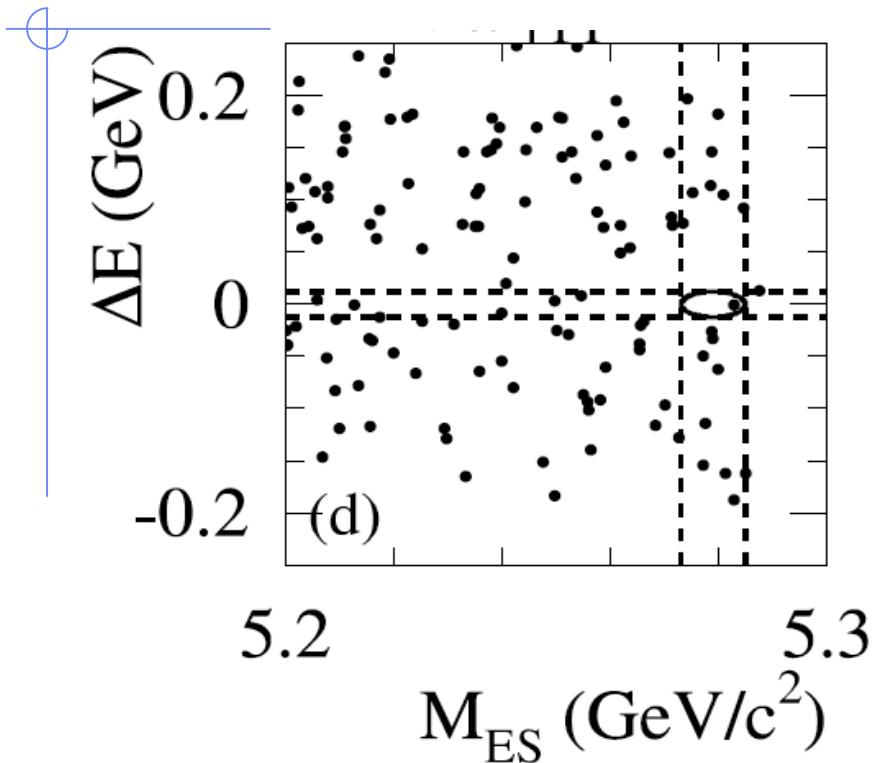


- Observe 4 events
- Expected BG: 0.21 ± 0.14
- $\text{Br}(B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi \ p \ \bar{\Lambda}) = (12^{+9}_{-6}) \cdot 10^{-6}$
- Probability of BG fluctuation: $2.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$

- $\Delta E = E_B^* - E_{\text{beam}}^*$ in Y(4S) frame

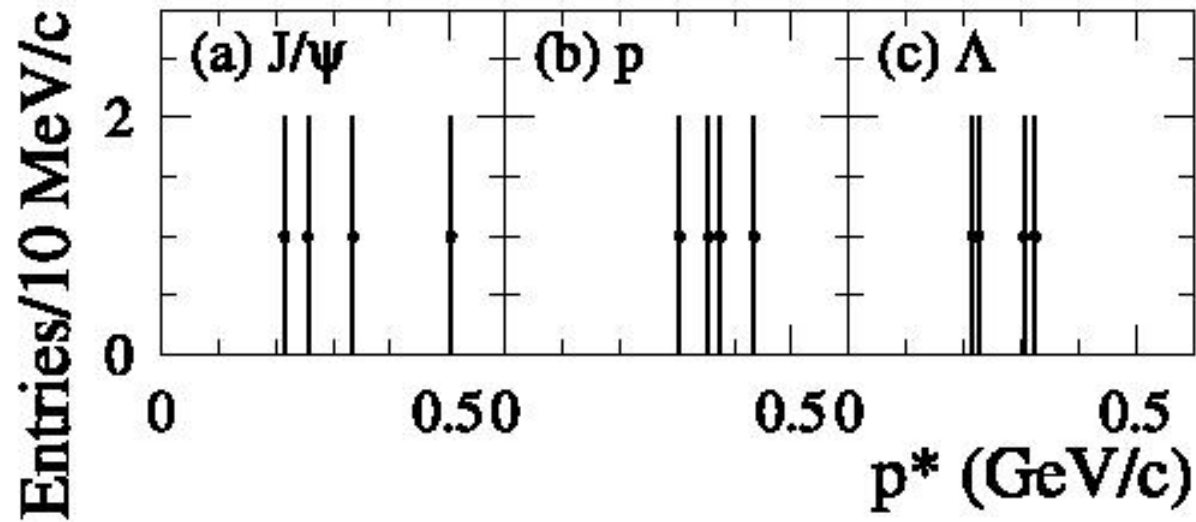
- $M_{\text{ES}} = \sqrt{(E_{\text{beam}}^*)^2 - (p_B^*)^2}$

B decays to J/ψ baryon-antibaryon



- Observe 1 event
- Expected BG: 0.64 ± 0.17
- $\text{Br}(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \ p \ \bar{p}) < 1.9 \cdot 10^{-6}$
(90 % C.L.)

B decays to J/ψ baryon-antibaryon



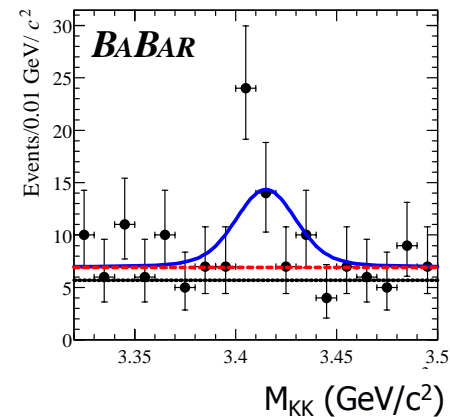
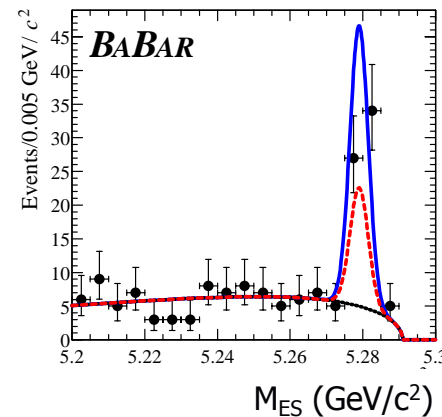
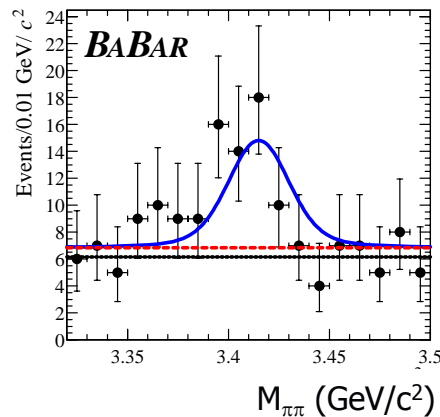
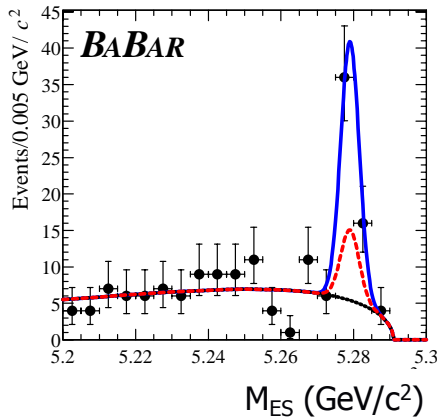
- No peak in p^* distributions (no QCD exotics)
PRL 90, 231801 (2003).

$$B^{\pm} \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^{\pm}$$

- $B^{\pm} \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^{\pm}$ vanishes in factorization approximation
- NRQCD calculations predict BR comparable to that of $B^{\pm} \rightarrow \chi_{c1} K^{\pm} \Rightarrow (6.5 \pm 1.1) \cdot 10^{-4}$
- Contributions from $B^{\pm} \rightarrow D_S^{(*)} D^{(*)} \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^{\pm}$ rescattering amplitudes could produce $\text{BR}(B^{\pm} \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^{\pm})$ in the range $(1.1 - 3.5) \cdot 10^{-4}$ (Phys Lett. B 542: 71, 2002)
- Possible channel for measuring UT angle γ (Phys Lett. B 539: 67, 2002)
- Already seen by BELLE:
 - $\text{BR}(B^{\pm} \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^{\pm}) = (6.0^{+2.1}_{-1.8} \pm 1.1) \cdot 10^{-4}$

$B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^\pm$

- χ_{c0} decay to K^+K^- and $\pi^+\pi^-$
- Unbinned Max. Likelihood fit to M_{ES} and $m_{\chi_{c0}}$



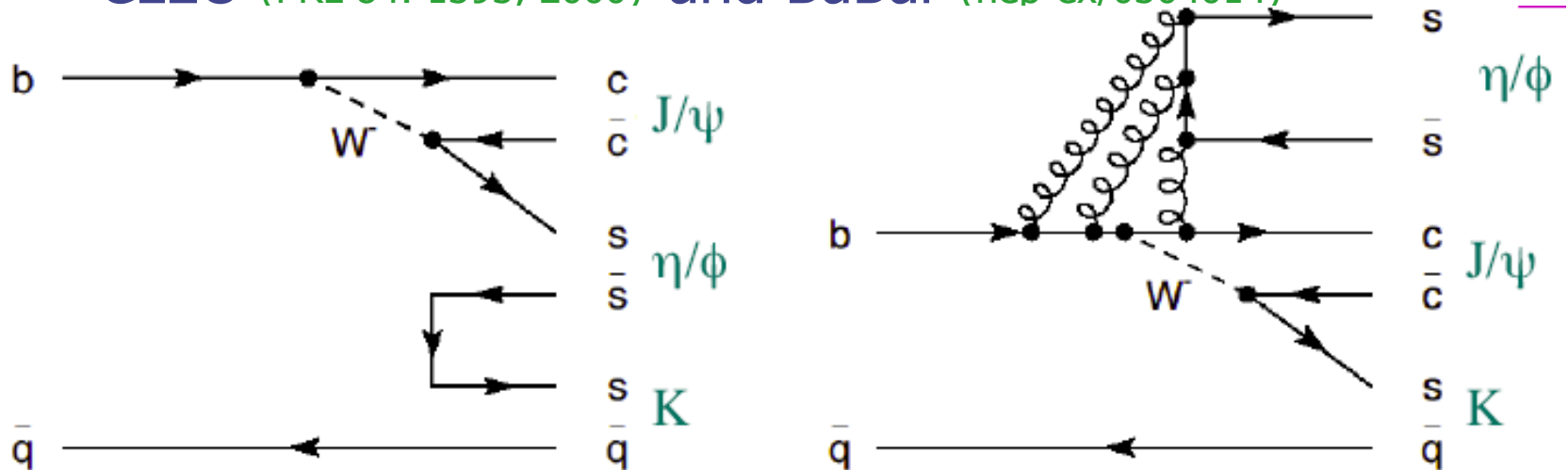
$$\bullet \text{BR}(B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c0} (\pi^+\pi^-) K^\pm) = (1.32^{+0.28}_{-0.27} \pm 0.09) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\bullet \text{BR}(B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c0} (K^+K^-) K^\pm) = (1.49^{+0.36}_{-0.34} \pm 0.11) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\bullet \text{BR}(B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^\pm) = (2.7 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-4} \quad (\text{prelim.})$$

$B \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K$

- First observation of color-suppressed B decay modes with hidden strangeness, $s\bar{s}$, in $B \rightarrow J/\psi \phi K$
CLEO (PRL 84: 1393, 2000) and BaBar (hep-ex/0304014)



- Expect $BR(B \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K)$ comparable to $BR(B \rightarrow J/\psi \phi K) = (4.4 \pm 1.4 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^{-5}$

B \rightarrow J/ ψ η K feed-down

- From B \rightarrow $\Psi(2s)$ K \rightarrow J/ ψ η K
 - BR of $(2.1 \pm 0.2) \cdot 10^{-5}$
 - J/ ψ η in a relative P-wave state
- From h_c if J/ ψ η form an S-wave resonance
 - $J^{PC}=1^{+-}$
 - But probably too light
- Charmonium hybrids ($c\bar{c}g$) in the good mass range
([hep-ph/0305285](https://arxiv.org/abs/hep-ph/0305285))

$B \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K$

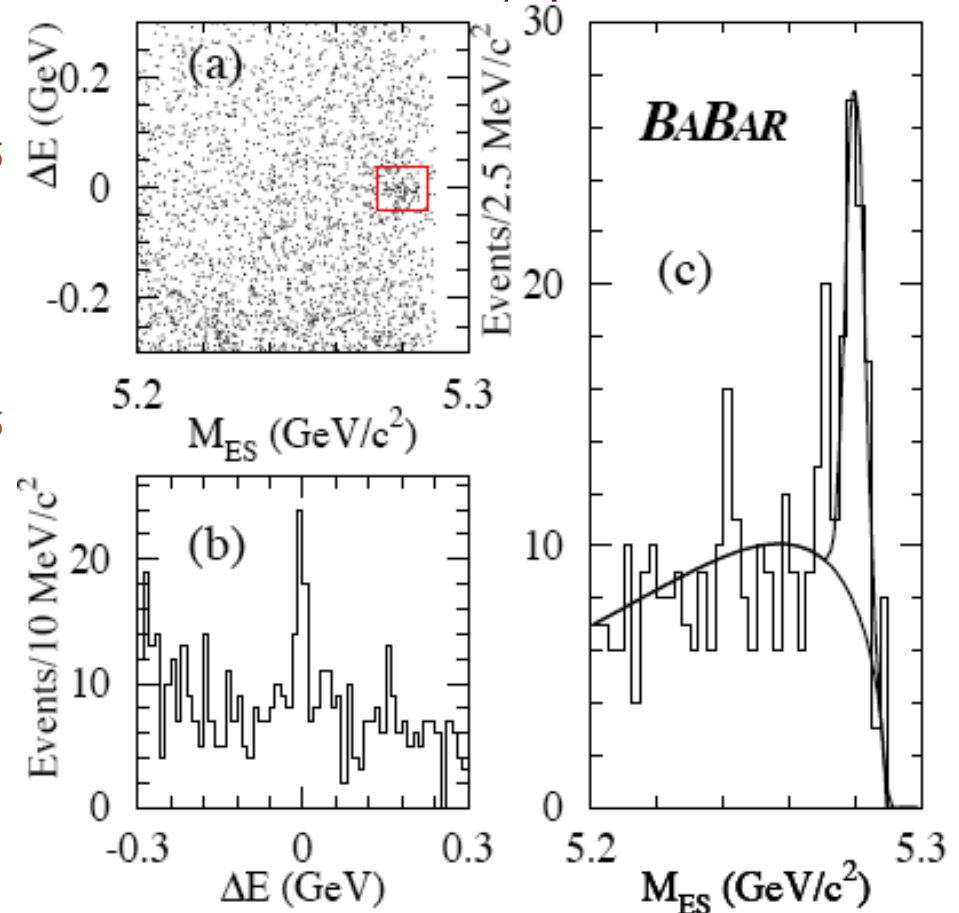
- $\text{BR}(B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm) = (10.8 \pm 2.3 \pm 2.4) \cdot 10^{-5}$

- $\text{BR}(B^0 \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^0) = (16.8 \pm 5.2 \pm 5.4) \cdot 10^{-5}$

- Rates comparable to $J/\psi \Phi K$

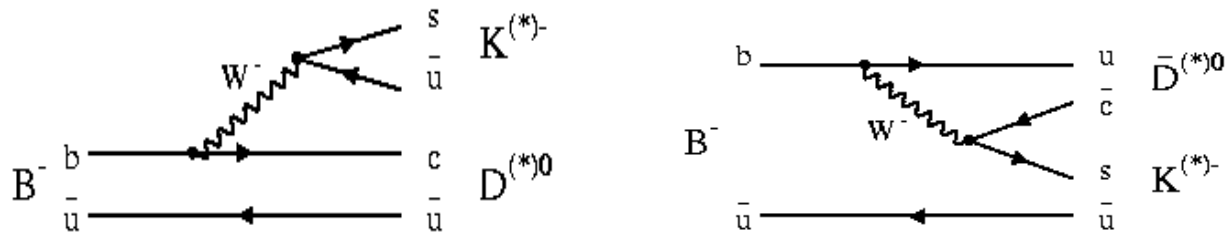
(hep-ex/0307032)

$B^\pm \rightarrow J/\psi \eta K^\pm$ data





- Decays $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} K^{(*)}$ for extraction of UT angle γ
- Via interference of charged B decaying into common final states:

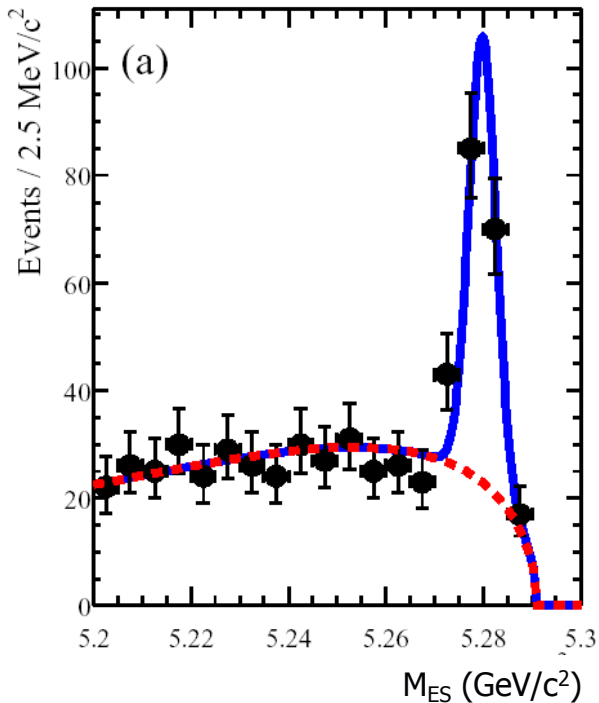


- CP effect may be small (Cabibbo/Color suppression)
- Vector-Vector B decays: helicity amplitudes interference

$B^- \rightarrow D^{*0} K^{*-}$ can give information on γ (PRL 80: 3706, 1998)



- Preliminary results



- $86 \cdot 10^6$ $B\bar{B}$ pair / 79 fb^{-1}
- $D^{*0} \rightarrow D^0 \pi^0, D^0 \gamma$
- $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+, K^- \pi^+ \pi^0, K^- \pi^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$
- $K^{*-} \rightarrow K_S \pi^-$
- $\text{BR}(B^- \rightarrow D^{*0} K^{*-}) = (8.3 \pm 1.1 \pm 1.0) \cdot 10^{-4}$

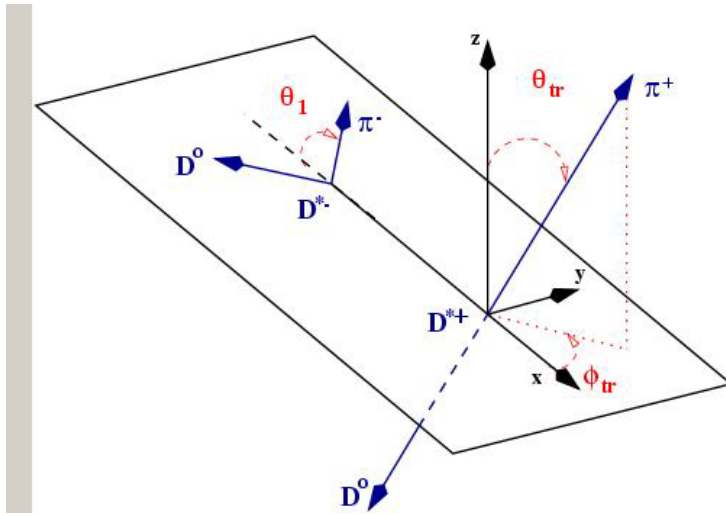
- Longitudinal polarization fraction $\Gamma_L / \Gamma = (0.86 \pm 0.06 \pm 0.03)$
- Consistent with expectations from factorization, HQET
(Phys Lett. B 89: 105, 1979)

$B \rightarrow D^* D^*$

- $B^0 \rightarrow D^* D^*$: Cabibbo suppressed
 - Tree for measurement of UT angle β
 - Penguin expected to be $< 10\%$ (SM)
- Vector-Vector decay: not pure CP eigenstate
 - Angular momentum $L=0,1,2$
 - Analysis in transversity frame: 3 amplitudes
 - A_0 CP even
 - $A_{||}$ CP even
 - A_{\perp} CP odd
 - CP odd fraction $R_{\perp} = |A_{\perp}|^2 / (|A_0|^2 + |A_{||}|^2 + |A_{\perp}|^2)$



- 1D Angular distribution in transversity frame

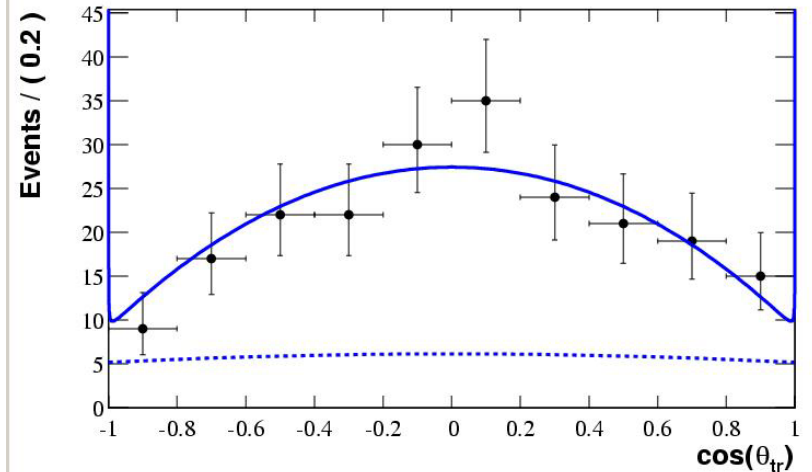


$$\frac{1}{\Gamma} \frac{d\Gamma}{d \cos \theta_{tr}} = \frac{3}{4} (1 - R_{\perp}) \sin^2 \theta_{tr} + \frac{3}{2} R_{\perp} \cos^2 \theta_{tr}$$

81 fb⁻¹ (hep-ex/0307032)

$R_{\perp} = 0.063 \pm 0.055 \pm 0.009$

Used for CP analysis



$$B \rightarrow D_{sJ} D^{(*)}$$

- $D_{sJ} (2317)$ and $D_{sJ} (2460)$ by BaBar in $c\bar{c}$
- Belle observed $B \rightarrow D_{sJ} (2317) D^{(*)}$ and $B \rightarrow D_{sJ} (2460) D^{(*)}$ with 90 fb^{-1} (FPCP 2003)
- BaBar analysis still ongoing
- See precedent talk by J.C. Wang

Conclusions

- ◆ Observation of $B \rightarrow J/\Psi \rho \Lambda$
- ◆ $B \rightarrow J/\Psi \eta K$ rate as expected
- ◆ $BR(B^\pm \rightarrow \chi_{c0} K^\pm)$
- ◆ BR and polarization in $B^- \rightarrow D^{*0} K^{*-}$
- ◆ CP-odd fraction for $B^0 \rightarrow D^* D^*$
- ◆ More analysis and data coming